



COLEGIO ALMA'S
bilingual school

APELLIDOS Y NOMBRE: Corrección 2^{do} Control
CURSO: 2^o ESO N^o 2^a Evaluación
FECHA: 13-02-2018 ASIGNATURA: Matemáticas

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad 2x + 2(-5 - 4 + 2x) &= -x - 4 \\ 2x + 2(-9 + 2x) &= -x - 4 \\ 2x - 18 + 4x &= -x - 4 \\ 2x + 4x + x &= 18 - 4 \\ 7x &= 14 \\ \boxed{x=2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{2} \quad 2x + 8 + 3x &= 5x + 8 \\ 2x - 3x - 5x &= 8 - 8 \\ 0x &= 0 \\ \text{Identidad} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad \text{mcm} &= 12 \quad 8(x-2) - 3(x+2) + 12 = 6(4-2x) \\ 8x - 16 - 3x - 6 + 12 &= 24 - 12x \\ 8x - 3x + 12x &= 16 + 6 - 12 + 24 \\ 17x &= 34 \rightarrow \boxed{x=2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \quad 3 - 6x + 2x + 5 &= 2 - 4x - 12 \\ -8x + 2x + 4x &= -3 - 5 + 2 - 12 \\ 0x &= -18 \neq \text{Sin Solución} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{5} \quad 2x^2 + 3x - 2 &= 0 \quad \begin{cases} a=2 \\ b=3 \\ c=-2 \end{cases} \quad x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9+16}}{4} = \frac{-3 \pm 5}{4} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \boxed{x=-2} \\ \boxed{x=1/2} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 2x^2 + 6x = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{x=0} \quad 2x + 6 = 0 \rightarrow 2x = -6 \rightarrow \boxed{x=-3}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad 3x^2 - 12 = 0 \rightarrow 3x^2 = 12 \rightarrow x^2 = 4 \rightarrow x = \pm 2 \rightarrow \boxed{x=\pm 2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{8} \quad \text{mcm} &= 3 \rightarrow 3x^2 + 3x - 3 = x^2 - 3 \\ 3x^2 + 3x - 3 - x^2 + 3 &= 0 \\ 2x^2 + 3x &= 0 \rightarrow \boxed{x=0} \quad 2x + 3 = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{x=-3/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{9} \quad x^2 - 2x + 1 &= 2x^2 - 6x + 4 \rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x + 4 - x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0 \\ x^2 - 4x + 3 &= 0 \quad \begin{cases} a=1 \\ b=-4 \\ c=3 \end{cases} \\ x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16-12}}{2} &= \frac{4 \pm 2}{2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \boxed{x=3} \\ \boxed{x=1} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$



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10. $4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$ \rightarrow $a = 4$
 $b = -12$
 $c = 9$
 $x = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 - 144}}{8} = \frac{12}{8} = \boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$

11. $x^2 - 4 = 0 \rightarrow x^2 = 4 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \boxed{x = \pm 2}$

12. $4x^2 + 16x = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{x = 0}$ $4x + 16 = 0 \rightarrow 4x = -16 \rightarrow \boxed{x = -4}$

13. $m \cdot m = 4$
 $x^2 - 1 + 8x + 4(x-1)^2 = 4x + 4$
 $x^2 - 1 + 8x + 4(x^2 - 2x + 1) = 4x + 4$
 $x^2 - 1 + 8x + 4x^2 - 8x + 4 - 4x - 4 = 0$
 $5x^2 - 4x - 1 = 0$ \rightarrow $a = 5$
 $b = -4$
 $c = -1$

$x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 20}}{10} = \frac{4 \pm 6}{10} \rightarrow \boxed{x = 1}$
 $x = \frac{-2}{10} \rightarrow \boxed{x = -1/5}$